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| APPLICATION NO. | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. |
|--|-------------|----------------------|----------------------------|------------------|
| 10/620,078 | 07/15/2003 | Bowen Alpern | YOR920020352US1 (16088) | 7092 |
| 23389 | 7590 | 07/17/2006 | EXAMINER | |
| SCULLY SCOTT MURPHY & PRESSER, PC 400 GARDEN CITY PLAZA SUITE 300 GARDEN CITY, NY 11530 | | | CHOU, ANDREW Y | |
| | | | ART UNIT | PAPER NUMBER |
| | | | 2192 | |

DATE MAILED: 07/17/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

| | | | | |
|------------------------------|------------------------|--|---------------------|--|
| Office Action Summary | Application No. | | Applicant(s) | |
| | 10/620,078 | | ALPERN ET AL. | |
| | Examiner | | Art Unit | |
| | Andrew Y. Chou | | 2192 | |

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 15 July 2003.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-30 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-30 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☒ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) ☒ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413) |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ |
| 3) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) |
| Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>03/01/04</u> | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ |

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DETAILED ACTION

1. Claims 1-30 have been examined. Claims 1, 20, and 30 are independent claims.

The priority date recognized for this application is 07/15/2003.

Information Disclosure Statement

2. The Office acknowledges receipt of the Information Disclosure Statement filed on 03/01/2004. It has been placed in the application file and the information referred to therein has been considered by the examiner.

Oath/Declaration

3. The Office acknowledges receipt of a properly signed oath/declaration filed on 07/15/2003.

Claim Objections

4. Claim 23 is objected to because of the following informalities: Claim 23 recites in line 1 "the static analysis framework as claimed in Claim 18". It appears to be a typographical error. For compact prosecution purposes, the examiner interprets the claim language to instead read – The method as defined in claim 20 --. Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

5. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

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6. Claim 1 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

In line 8 of Claim 1, applicant recites the limitation "coding errors may occur. control and data flow analysis". It is unclear what applicant means by this statement.

Claims 2-19 are also rejected as being dependent on Claim 1.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

7. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

8. Claims 1-30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C 102(b) as being anticipated by Saxe et al US 6,477,702 (hereinafter Saxe).

Claim 1:

Saxe disclose a method for analyzing software code (see for example FIG. 1, and related text) comprising the steps of:

a) automatically generating program graphs representing said code utilizing static analysis techniques (see for example column 6, lines 38-44, FIGs. 1 & 13, and related text);

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b) automatically applying a set of rules to said program flow analysis graphs (see for example column 6, lines 53-60, FIG. 2, and related text);

c) automatically identifying potential software problems from rules set analysis results (see for example column 6, lines 61-65, FIG. 2, and related text); and,

d) reporting said software problems where one or more of best practices violations and coding errors may occur control and data flow analysis (see for example column 6, lines 61-67, FIG. 2, step 205, and related text).

Claim 2:

Saxe further discloses the method according to Claim 1, wherein said rules set represents one or more selected from the group comprising: use of best practices and common coding errors, or combinations thereof (see for example column 7, lines 27-45, FIG. 2, item 220, and related text).

Claim 3:

Saxe further discloses the method according to Claim 1, wherein said reporting d) includes presenting the results in the context of corresponding source code or object code (see for example FIG. 2, item 205, 209, 210, and related text).

Claim 4:

Saxe further discloses the method according to Claim 1, wherein step b) includes performing rule searches applied to said program graphs (see for example column 7, lines 1-18).

Claim 5:

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Saxe further discloses the method according to Claim 1, wherein said software code subject to said static analysis techniques comprises one or more selected from the group comprising: object code, source code, a compiler intermediate representation, of said software code, and other program representations, or combinations thereof (see for example FIG. 1, item 110, and related text).

Claim 6:

Saxe further discloses the method according to Claim 3, wherein a program graph includes a control analysis graph, said static analysis technique automatically generating said control analysis graphs from said software code (see for example FIGs 7 & 8, and related text).

Claim 7:

Saxe further discloses the method according to Claim 3, wherein a program graph includes a data flow analysis graph, said static analysis technique automatically generating said data flow analysis graph from said software code (see for example FIGs 7 & 8, and related text).

Claim 8:

Saxe further discloses the method according to Claim 3, wherein a program graph includes an intraprocedural control graph (see for example column 10, lines 30-50), said static analysis technique automatically generating said intraprocedural control graphs from said software code.

Claim 9:

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Saxe further discloses the method according to Claim 3, wherein a program graph includes an interprocedural control graphs, said static analysis technique includes automatically generating said interprocedural control graphs from said software code (see for example column 10, lines 30-50).

Claim 10:

Saxe further discloses the method according to Claim 5 wherein said static code analysis further includes automatically identifying classes, fields, methods and class attributes, said set of rules being further applied to said classes and class attributes (see for example FIG. 2, item 202, and related text).

Claim 11:

Saxe further discloses the method according to Claim 5 wherein said static code analysis further includes automatically identifying attributes of classes, methods, fields, and aspects of a programs body (see for example FIG. 2, item 202, and related text).

Claim 12:

Saxe further discloses the method according to Claim 5, wherein said step b) further includes the step of: receiving said program graphs and class attributes information and performing a graph rewriting technique (see for example FIG. 13, step 1304, and related text).

Claim 13:

Saxe further discloses the method according to Claim 12, wherein a result of applying graph rewriting includes generating a run-time characteristics model for said program (see for example column 7, lines 27-37).

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Claim 14:

Saxe further discloses the method according to Claim 12, wherein said step b) further includes the step of receiving said program graphs and attributes information, and performing a reachability analysis (see for example column 11, lines 10-17).

Claim 15:

Saxe further discloses the method according to Claim 14, wherein said reachability analysis is performed with or without constraints (see for example column 11, lines 10-17).

Claim 16:

Saxe further discloses the method according to Claim 14, further comprising the step of employing a rule search engine (see for example FIG. 2, items 204, 220, and related text) to automatically apply a set of rules (see for example FIG. 2, item 220, and related text) to said rewrite graph results, reachability analysis results and attributes to identify one or more selected from the group of: possible performance errors or problems concerning correctness, security, privacy and maintainability of said software code (see for example column 6, lines 5-21).

Claim 17:

Saxe further discloses the method according to Claim 14, wherein said rewrite graph technique includes traversing a program graph to locate nodes containing attributes of interest and to locate edges to add or remove from said program graph (see for example column 11, lines 52-60, FIG. 12, and related text).

Claim 18:

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Saxe further discloses the method according to Claim 17, wherein said reachability analysis includes traversing the program graphs and adding or removing edges to extend or reduce reachability, respectively (see for example column 11, lines 52-60).

Claim 19:

Saxe further discloses the method according to Claim 18, wherein a rule is applied to determine whether a node representing a particular method is reachable by traversing said graph from a particular head node, said head node being user selectable (see for example FIG. 13, and related text).

Claim 20:

Saxe discloses a static analysis framework for analyzing software code said framework comprising:

- means for automatically generating program graphs (see for example column 6, lines 38-44, FIG. 1, and related text);

- rule search engine for automatically applying a set of rules to said program graphs (see for example column 6, lines 53-60, FIG. 2, item 220, and related text));

- means for automatically identifying potential software problems from rules set analysis result (see for example column 6, lines 61-65); and,

- means for reporting said problems to enable correction of instances where one or more of best practices violations and common coding errors may occur (see for example FIG. 2, item 205, and related text).

Claim 21:

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Saxe further discloses the static analysis framework as claimed in Claim 20, wherein said rules set represents one or more selected from the group comprising: use of best practices and common coding errors, or combinations thereof (see for example column 7, lines 27-45).

Claim 22:

Saxe further discloses the static analysis framework as claimed in Claim 20, wherein said software code comprises scalable componentized applications according to a software development platform (see for example FIG. 1, item 120, FIG. 2, item 220, and related text).

Claim 23:

Saxe further discloses the static analysis framework as claimed in Claim 18, wherein said program graphs include one or more selected from the group comprising: a control analysis graph, a data flow analysis graph (see for example FIGs. 7 & 8, and related text), an intraprocedural control flow graph and an interprocedural control flow graph, said static analysis technique automatically generating a respective one of said control analysis graph, data flow analysis graph, intraprocedural control flow graph and interprocedural control flow graph from said software code (see for example column 6, lines 38-44).

Claim 24:

Saxe further discloses the static analysis framework as claimed in Claim 23, further including means for automatically identifying classes, fields, methods and class

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attributes, said set of rules being further applied to said classes and class attributes (see for example FIG. 2, item 202, and related text).

Claim 25:

Saxe further discloses the static analysis framework as claimed in Claim 23, wherein said static code analysis further includes automatically identifying attributes of classes, methods, fields, and aspects of a program's body (see for example FIG. 2, item 202, and related text).

Claim 26:

Saxe further discloses the static analysis framework as claimed in Claim 20, wherein said means for automatically generating program graphs includes means for performing graph rewriting (see for example FIG. 13, step 1304, and related text).

Claim 27:

Saxe further discloses the static analysis framework as claimed in Claim 26, wherein results of said graph rewriting include a run-time characteristics model for said program (see for example column 7, lines 27-37).

Claim 28:

Saxe further discloses the static analysis framework as claimed in Claim 26, wherein said means for automatically generating program graphs includes: means for performing a reachability analysis, said reachability analysis being performed with or without constraints (see for example column 11, lines 10-17).

Claim 29:

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Saxe further discloses the static analysis framework as claimed in Claim 28, wherein said rule search engine automatically applies a set of rules to said rewrite graph results, reachability analysis results and attributes to identify one or more of: possible performance errors or problems concerning correctness, security and privacy of said software code (see for example column 6, lines 5-21).

Claim 30:

Claim 30 is a computer program device readable by a machine version of the claimed method step discussed in claim above, wherein all claim limitations have been addressed and/or covered in cited areas as set forth above. Thus, accordingly, these claims are also anticipated by Saxe.

Conclusion

9. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Andrew Y. Chou whose telephone number is (571) 272-6829. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday, 8:00 am – 4:30 pm. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Tuan Q. Dam, can be reached on (571) 272-3695.


The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (571) 273 8300.

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Any inquiry of a general nature of relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the TC 2100 Group receptionist whose telephone number is (571) 272 2100.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll free).

AYC



TUAN DAM
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER